







ISATUXIMAB/CARFILZOMIB/DEXAMETHASONE

Name of the regimen and cancer drugs

- Isatuximab-irfc (I suh TUK sih mab): Sarclisa®
- Carfilzomib (kar FIL zoh mib): Kyprolis®
- Dexamethasone (DEK suh MEH thuh sone): Decadron®

Common uses

This regimen is most commonly used for treatment of adult patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma but may be used for other treatments.

Treatment schedule

Your treatment will be given into your vein through an intravenous (IV) line. This may be into a short, flexible temporary catheter in your arm, or through a central venous catheter. A central venous catheter, or central line is a long, flexible IV tube that empties into a very large vein next to the heart. Talk with your care team to see which will be best for you and your treatment.

Each isatuximab-irfc, carfilomib, dexamethasone treatment is repeated every 28 days. This is known as one cycle. Your treatment will keep going until the drug, or drugs, stop working or you have side effects which stop you from continuing treatment.

- □ Isatuximab-irfc IV given on days 1, 8, 15, and 22 during cycle 1. Then it is given on days 1 and 15 during cycles 2 and beyond.
- ☐ Carfilzomib IV given days 1, 2, 8, 9, 15, and 16 during each cycle.
- Dexamethasone or IV given on days 1, 2, 8, 9, 15, 16, 22, and 23 during each cycle.

Cycle 1:

Drug	DAY	1	2	 8	9	 15	16	 22	23
Isatuximab-irfc									
Carfilzomib									
Dexamethasone									

Cycle 2 and beyond:

Drug	DAY	1	2	 8	9	 15	16	 22	23
Isatuximab-irfc									
Carfilzomib									
Dexamethasone									









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Other medications

Other medications may be ordered for you to prevent or treat certain side effects. These include:

	Instructions:
Anti-nausea and other medications	You will receive medications to prevent nausea just before your cancer treatment. You may also get prescriptions for other medications to take at home, as below:
Infection prevention	There is a risk of serious infections during treatment. You may receive medications to prevent infection in the hospital, and may also get prescriptions for medications to take at home for infection prevention, as below:

Possible drug interactions

Isatuximab-irfc,	carfilzomib,	dexameth	nasone may	interact with	other c	drugs you	are taking.	Please inform	your care
providers of all	prescription	medicine.	over-the-co	ounter medic	ations. $^{\circ}$	vitamins	and herbal	products that	vou take.

- ☐ Talk with your care provider or pharmacist before taking new medications, supplements, or receiving any vaccines.
- ☐ Grapefruit or grapefruit juice may interact with dexamethasone. Avoid eating or drinking these during your treatment.









ISATUXIMAB-IRFC/CARFILZOMIB/DEXAMETHASONE

Common Side Effects

Common side effects that have been known to happen in patients receiving isatuximab-irfc, carfilzomib, and dexamethasone are listed in the left side of this table. In some instances, the side effects may be reported less often but are still important to discuss. This table does not list all the known side effects for this therapy, only the ones that are experienced most often. Not every patient experiences every known side effect of a drug; even if you are taking the same drug as another patient, you may experience different side effects. Options to help manage any side effects that do occur are included on the right side of this table. These should be discussed with your care provider. If you experience any side effect you cannot manage or that is not listed here, contact your care provider.

Possible Side Effect	Management
Decreased white blood cells (WBCs) and increased risk for infection	Your WBCs should be monitored by a simple blood test. When your WBCs are low, you are at a greater risk of having an infection. Take the following precautions to protect yourself from infection. Wash your hands often, especially before eating and after using the bathroom. Avoid crowds and people with fevers, flu, or other infection. Bathe often for good personal hygiene. Contact your care team if you experience any signs or symptoms of an infection such as: Fever (temperature more than 100.4°F or 38°C) Chills Sore throat Burning when peeing Tiredness that is worse than normal A sore that becomes red, is draining, or does not heal Check with your care team before taking any medicine for a fever or chills.
Decreased platelet count and increased risk of bleeding	Your platelets should be monitored by a simple blood test. When they are low, you may bruise or bleed more easily than usual. Use caution to avoid bruises, cuts, or burns. Blow your nose gently and do not pick your nose Brush your teeth gently with a soft toothbrush and maintain good oral hygiene When shaving use an electric razor instead of razor blades Use a nail file instead of a nail clippers Call your care team if you have bleeding that won't stop. Examples include: A bloody nose that bleeds for more than 5 minutes despite pressure A cut that continues to ooze despite pressure Gums that bleed a lot when you floss or brush Seek medical help right away if you have any severe headaches, blood in your urine or stool, coughing up blood, or bleeding that you cannot stop or lasts a long time. You may need to take a break or "hold" your medication for medical or dental procedures. Talk to your care team or dentist before any scheduled procedures.
	Continued on the next page









ISATUXIMAB/CARFILZOMIB/DEXAMETHASONE

Possible Side Effect	Management
Decreased hemoglobin, part of the red blood cells that carry iron and oxygen	Your hemoglobin should be checked by a simple blood test. When your hemoglobin is low, you may notice that you get tired or fatigued more easily. Try to get 7 to 8 hours of sleep per night Avoid operating heavy machinery if you feel too tired Find a balance between "work" and "rest" Stay as active as possible, but know that it is okay to rest as needed, too You might notice that you are more pale than usual Let your care team know right away if you have: Shortness of breath Dizziness Fast or abnormal heartbeat
Lung (respiratory tract) infection	 Wash your hands often, especially before eating and after using the bathroom Avoid people with fevers, flu, or other infections Bathe often to keep good personal hygiene. Report symptoms of a lung infection like a cough, sneezing, runny nose, fever, and scratchy or sore throat to your provider
Fatigue	 You may be more tired than usual or have less energy. Stay as active as possible, but know it is okay to rest as needed. Try to do some type of moderate activity every day. Conserve your energy. Plan your activities and do them at a time of day when you feel a bit more energetic. Follow a healthy diet and stay hydrated. Accept help from family and friends Find healthy ways to manage stress, such as meditation, journaling, yoga, and guided imagery Develop good sleeping habits, limit napping during the day to help you sleep better at night. Avoid operating heavy machinery if you feel too tired. Contact your care team if you experience extreme fatigue that prevents you from doing your normal daily activities.
Infusion reaction	Isatuximab- irfc may cause an infusion reaction. During your treatment, let the nurse know right away if any of these symptoms happen: chills or shaking, dizziness, fever, itchiness or rash, flushing, difficulty breathing, wheezing, sudden back pain, or feeling faint.
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ISATUXIMAB-IRFC/CARFILZOMIB/DEXAMETHASONE

Possible Side Effect	Management
Increased blood pressure	Take your blood pressure often. Record your blood pressure in a diary and report these to your care team. Contact your care team for high blood pressure or if the following symptoms occur: Headache Dizziness Chest pain Shortness of breath Fluid retention, weight gain, or swelling
Diarrhea (loose and/ or urgent bowel movements)	 Monitor how many bowel movements you have each day. Drink 8-10 (8-ounce) glasses of water or fluid each day unless your care team has asked you to limit your fluid intake Eat small, frequent meals throughout the day rather than a few large meals Eat bland, low-fiber foods (such as bananas, applesauce, potatoes, chicken, rice, and toast) Avoid high fiber foods, such as raw vegetables and fruits and whole grains Avoid foods that cause gas, such as broccoli and beans Avoid foods with lactose, such as yogurt and milk Avoid spicy, fried, and greasy foods Contact your care team if: The number of bowel movements you have in a day increases by 4 or more Your care team may recommend an over-the-counter medication or prescribe something to help keep it under control.
Interference with blood tests: High blood sugar Increased serum creatinine	Isatuximab-irfc, carfilzomib, and dexamethasone alters the results of certain lab tests. You should inform all your health care providers that you are taking these medications.









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Rare but serious side effects

Tell	your care provider if you experience any symptoms of these problems:
	Carfilzomib may affect your heart's ability to pump blood. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you experience new or worsening shortness of breath, chest pain, irregular heartbeat, or swelling of your ankles or legs.
	You may be at a higher risk of bleeding while taking carfilzomib. Be sure to seek medical attention right away if you have any major bleeding. Also be sure to check for any signs of bleeding in your stool.
	Carfilzomib may result in serious and fatal lung toxicity. If you start to experience shortness of breath, fatigue, breathlessness, or discomfort/worsening of symptoms while lying on your back, please immediately contact your prescriber.
	These medications may be harmful to your kidneys. Speak to your care team to know when you need to have laboratory tests done to monitor your kidneys.
	A condition called reversible posterior leukoencephalopathy syndrome can occur while taking carfilzomib. Call your care team right away if you have headaches, seizures, confusion or changes in vision.
	These medications may cause a condition called tumor lysis syndrome when starting treatment. This results from the rapid destruction of cancer cells in the body during the initial cycles of treatment. Your care team may do blood tests to check for this side effect.
	Carfilzomib may cause the worsening or development of new liver diseases. Seek medical attention if you notice any changes to your mentality, swelling or bloating of the abdomen, yellowing of the skin, dark urine, or weight gain.
	Call your care team right away if you have headaches, seizures, confusion or changes in vision, as this may be a severe side effect of the treatment.
	If you experience ANY new, worsening, or uncontrolled side effects, call your care team immediately.
	(INSTITUTIONAL CONTACT INFO)









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Handling body fluids and waste

Some of the drugs you receive may be present in urine, stool, sweat, or vomit for many days after treatment. Many cancer drugs are toxic, your bodily waste may also be toxic and can be dangerous to come into contact with. Once you have started isatuximab-irfc, carfilzomib, and dexamethasone, follow the instructions below for at least two days after your treatment. This is to keep you, your loved ones, and the environment as safe as possible.

		Pregnant women should avoid touching anything that may be soiled with body fluids from the patient.
ı		Toilet and septic systems
		• You may use the same toilet, septic tank, and/or sewer that you usually use. If you have a low-flow toilet, close the lid and flush twice to ensure that all waste has been discarded.
I		If the toilet or toilet seat becomes soiled with urine, stool, or vomit, clean the surface after every use before other people use the toliet.
I		Wash hands with soap and water after using the toilet for at least 20 seconds.
I		If you need a bedpan, be sure your caregiver knows to wear gloves to assist with cleanup and to wash the bedpan with soap and water every day.
ı		If you do not have good control of bladder or bowels, use a disposable pad with a plastic back, a diaper, or a sheet to absorb body waste.
ı		Wash any skin that has been exposed to body waste with soap and water.
ı		Linens or clothing that are soiled with body fluids or body waste should be washed separately from other linens and clothing. If you do not have a washer, place the soiled linens in a plastic bag until they can be washed.
ı		Wash hands with soap and water after touching linens or clothing that may be soiled with body fluids.
Intii	ma	acy, sexual activity, contraception, and fertility
	ohy	s treatment may cause changes that can affect intimacy and sexuality, including desire and body image. Maintaining visical closeness and/or intimacy with loved ones can be continued during treatment. Holding hands, hugging, and kissing be done safely. It is recommended that you talk to your care team about any restrictions or questions you may have.
1) i	alk /ou sat sec	me treatments can influence the ability to have children, also known as fertility. If you're interested in preserving fertility, a to your care team before treatment. Ask your healthcare provider to determine when it is safe to become pregnant after it treatment. Patients of reproductive ability should not become pregnant or get their partners pregnant while receiving truximab-irfc, carfilzomib, and dexamethasone. Some of the drugs you receive may be present in semen and vaginal retion for many days after treatment. You should use barrier devices, such as condoms, during sexual activity to limit obsure to body fluids.
	С	alk to your care team about birth control. Not all options may be right for your treatment or cancer. Effective ontraception could include one or more of the following: barrier methods (e.g. condoms), hormone methods (e.g. birth ontrol pills), or surgery.
	Т	all your ears team if you become program or plan to breastfood









ISATUXIMAB/CARFILZOMIB/DEXAMETHASONE

Additional resources

Product websites:

Isatuximab-irfc: https://www.sarclisa.com/ **Carfilzomib:** https://www.kyprolis.com/

Dexamethasone: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2004/11664slr062_decadron_lbl.pdf

Prescribing information:

Isatuximab-irfc: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2021/761113s003lbl.pdf

Carfilzomib: https://www.pi.amgen.com/~/media/amgen/repositorysites/pi-amgen-com/kyprolis/kyprolis_pi.pdf **Dexamethasone:** https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2004/11664slr062_decadron_lbl.pdf

Additional instructions

Updated – January 19, 2022

Important notice: The Association of Community Cancer Centers (ACCC), Hematology/Oncology Pharmacy Association (HOPA), National Community Oncology Dispensing Association, Inc. (NCODA), and Oncology Nursing Society (ONS) have collaborated in gathering information for and developing this patient education guide. This guide represents a brief summary of the therapy derived from information provided by the drug manufacturer and other resources. This guide does not cover all existing information related to the possible uses, directions, doses, precautions, warnings, interactions, adverse effects, or risks associated with this therapy and should not substitute for the advice of a qualified healthcare professional. Provision of this guide is for informational purposes only and does not constitute or imply endorsement, recommendation, or favoring of this therapy by ACCC, HOPA, NCODA, or ONS, who assume no liability for and cannot ensure the accuracy of the information presented. The collaborators are not making any representations with respect to the medications whatsoever, and any and all decisions, with respect to such medications, are at the sole risk of the individual receiving therapy. All decisions related to receiving this therapy should be made with the guidance and under the direction of a qualified healthcare professional.

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